Fingerprints B Forensic Science School Year 2023-2024 Dr. Wardisiani jwardisiani@pths209.org

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Types of Fingerprints

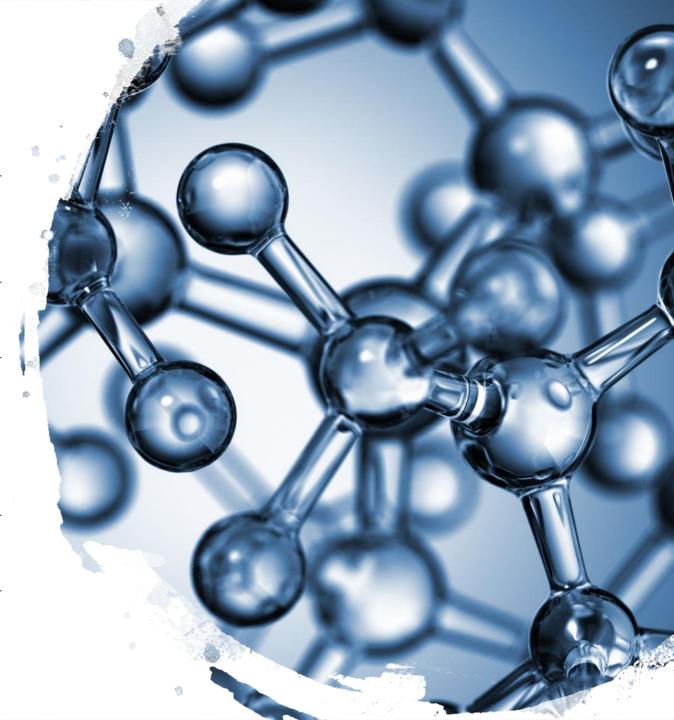
Patent- visible- needs no processing- clearly recognizable

In grease, oil, blood

*Plastic-impression, indentation*recognizable fingerprint in soft surface

Butter, silly putty, mud

Latent- requires additional processing to be rendered visible



What Makes Up Fingerprints?

- Friction ridges: on surface on hands, feet
- All have **pores** that sweat comes out of
- Exocrine Glands- sweat, water
- Endocrine Glands- oil
- Each has its own physical, chemical, and special illumination characteristics



What Sweat Has

- Na+
- K+
- Ca++
- C|-
- F-
- Br-
- |-
- HCO3
- PO4





- SO4
- NH4OH
 - Mg++
 - Zn++
 - Cu++
 - Fe++
- Co++
- Pb++
- Mn++

Additionally Found In Sweat

- Proteins
- Amino acids
- Lipids
- Glucose
- Lactate
- Urea
- Pyruvate
- Creatine
- Creatinine
- Glycogen
- Uric Acid
- Vitamins Sterols

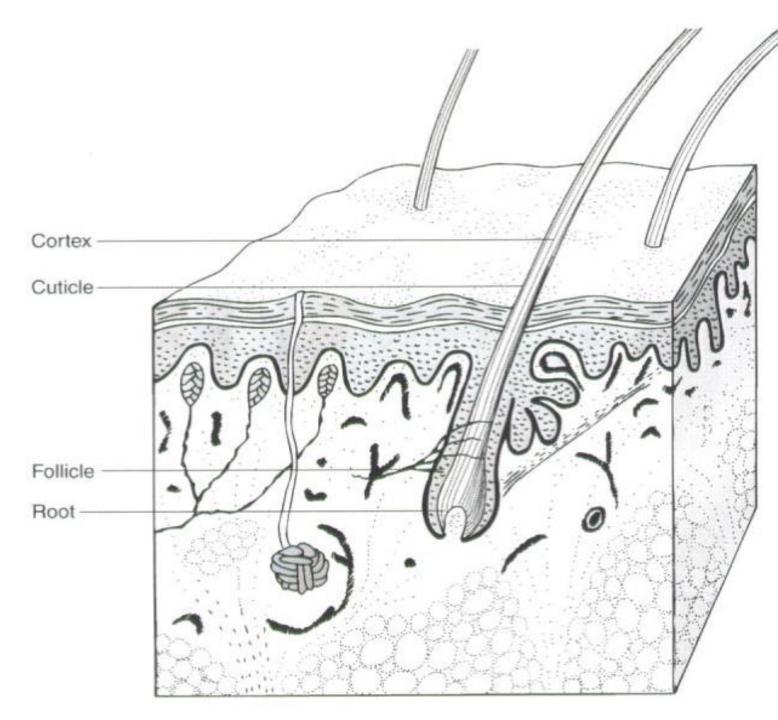


Exploring Under The Skin

•Epidermis

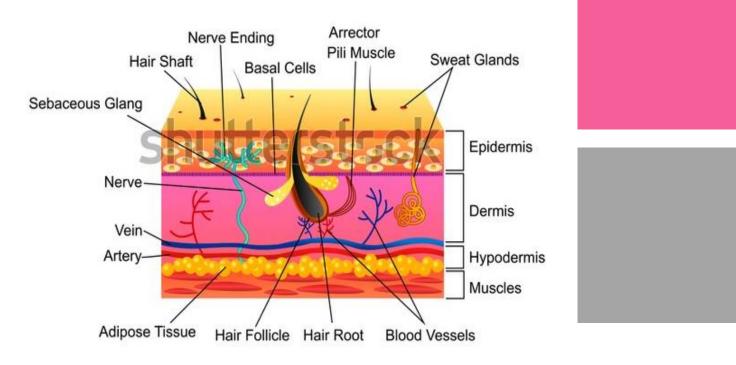
•Dermis

•Hypodermis



Physical Methods & Chemical Methods

Skin Structure



- **Powder dusting**-oilssweat
- **Iodine fuming**-lipids
- Ninhydrin-amino acids
- Superglue fumingpolymerizes the residue into a plasticthen dusted
- Oblique lighting
- Bloody fingerprints in special situations

Thank You For Your Attention Questions and Comments